

D9412GV3/D7412GV3/D7212GV3

Control Panels UL Installation Instructions



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1 Installation

1.1 Installation Preparation

This section contains a general installation procedure and refers to other sections of the document for detailed instructions. Review this document and the *D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Program Entry Guide* (P/N: F01U143071) or *D7212GV3 Program Entry Guide* (P/N: F01U143077) before beginning the installation to determine the hardware and wiring requirements for the features used. Have the following documentation available when reading through this guide:

- D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Program Record Sheet (P/N: F01U143072) or D7212GV3 Program Record Sheet (P/N: F01U143078)
- Security System Owner's Manual (P/N: 71-06633-000) and GV3 Series Owner's Manual Supplement (P/N: F01U143082)
- Installation manual for keypad or annunciator (D1255 all models, D1255RB, D1256,
 D1256RB, D1257, D1257RB, D1260 all models, or D720 all models)

1.2 Enclosure Options

Mount the control panel assembly in any of the Bosch Security Systems, Inc. enclosures listed:

- D8103 Universal Enclosure (tan)
- D8109 Fire Enclosure (red) for the D9412GV3 and D7412GV3 Control Panels
- D8108A Attack Resistant Enclosure (tan)

Refer to the D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide (P/N: F01U143069) or D7212GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide (P/N: F01U143080) to determine if the application requires a specific enclosure.

1.3 Mounting Enclosure

- 1. Run the necessary wiring throughout the premises.
- 2. Mount the enclosure in the desired location. Use all five enclosure mounting holes. Refer to *Figure 1.1*, *Page 5*.
- 3. Pull the wires into the enclosure.



NOTICE!

Electromagnetic interference (EMI) can cause problems on long wire runs.

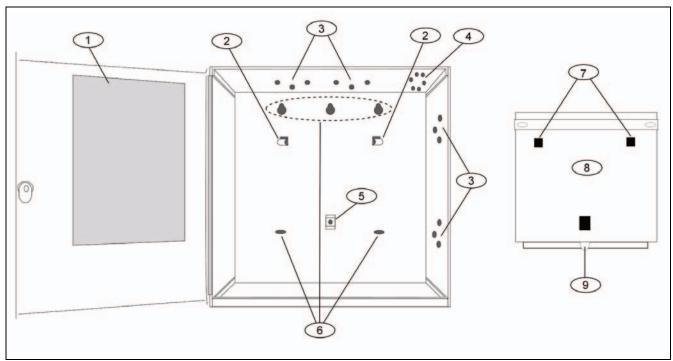


Figure 1.1 Enclosure Mounting

Callout	Description
1	Point chart label
2	Mounting skirt hooks (2)
3	Module mounting holes (12)
4	Tamper switch mounting holes (5)
5	Skirt mounting hole (1)
6	Enclosure mounting holes (5)
7	Mounting skirt hook holes (2)
8	Back of the control panel
9	Lock down tab

Installing the Control Panel 1.4

- Place the control panel over the inside back of the enclosure, aligning the large rectangular openings of the mounting skirt with the mounting hooks of the enclosure. Slide the control panel down so that it hangs on the hooks. Refer to Figure 1.1, Page 5.
- Remove the tape from the #6 \times 1/4-in. screw in the mounting tab on the control panel. The screw passes through the mounting tab and into the skirt mounting hole in the enclosure. Tighten the screw to secure the control panel in the enclosure.
- Connect earth ground to the control panel before making any other connections. Refer to Section 1.5 Connecting Earth Ground, page 5.

Connecting Earth Ground 1.5

1.5.1 **Terminal 10**

To help prevent damage from electrostatic charges or other transient electrical surges, connect the system to earth ground at Terminal 10 before making other connections. Recommended earth ground references are a grounding rod or a cold water pipe.



WARNING!

Do not use telephone or electrical ground for the earth ground connection. Use 1.8 mm (14 AWG) to 1.5 mm (16 AWG) wire when making the connection. **Do not connect** other control panel terminals to earth ground.

1.5.2 Ground Fault Detect Enable



NOTICE!

To meet UL 864 requirements, enable Ground Fault Detect.

A ground fault is a circuit impedance to earth ground. The control panel has a ground fault detection circuit that, when enabled, detects ground faults on Terminals 1 to 9 and 11 to 32. The control panel also detects and annunciates ground faults on any device connected to it. If a ground fault condition occurs, the keypads display SERVC GND FAULT and the control panel sends a GROUND FAULT TROUBLE, AREA 1. When the control panel recognizes that the ground fault condition is corrected, and remains corrected for between 5 to 45 consecutive seconds, a Restoral Report is sent.



NOTICE!

The D9412GV3/D7412GV3/D7212GV3 Control Panels log and print a Ground Fault event as a Trouble Point 256 if communicating in Modem IIIa² format. If communicating in Contact ID format, the D7212GV3 generates a Ground Fault (310) event.

1.5.3 Enabling Ground Fault Detection

To enable the Ground Fault Detect Enable feature, lock (close) the S4 Ground Fault Detect Pin on the control panel (refer to *Figure 1.2*, *Page 6*).

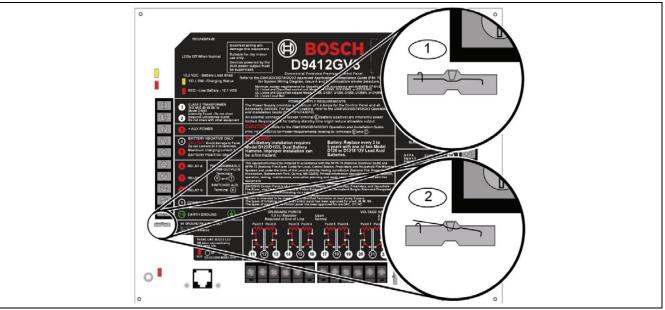


Figure 1.2 Ground Fault Detect (S4)

Callout	Description
1	S4 Locked (Closed). Control panels detects ground faults.
2	S4 Unlocked (Open). Control panel does not detect ground faults.

7

1.5.4 **D7212GV3 Ground Fault Specifications**

Table 1.1, Page 7 provides the impedance specifications for detecting ground faults when any terminal or field wiring is shorted to ground.

Impedance Control Panel Detects Ground Fault		
≤ 300 Ω	Yes	
300 Ω to 200 k Ω	Detection depends upon the terminal	
≥ 200 k Ω	No	

Table 1.1 Ground Fault Impedance Specifications

1.5.5 **Locking the Reset Pin**

Locking the reset pin disables the control panel (refer to Figure 1.3, Page 7). When the control panel is disabled, the system ignores the keypads and points. CALL FOR SERVICE appears in keypad displays when the pin is locked down.

On-board relays (Terminals 6 and 7) and off-board relays deactivate when the control panel is reset. Terminal 8 has power when the relay is deactivated. Activation interrupts power at that terminal. The on-board relay (Terminal 8) remains deactivated when the reset pin is locked in the disable position.

Releasing the reset pin from the closed position resets the control panel. The control panel resets all its timers, counters, indexes, and buffers. Any points that restore after a reset do not generate Restoral Reports.

If the reset pin is placed in the disable position when all areas are armed, there must be an entry in the Answer Armed program item. Refer to RPS Parameters in the D9412GV3/ D7412GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U143071) or the D7212GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/ N: F01U143077).

Locking the pin in the disable position applies power to the control panel and charges the battery while the detection devices and keypads are installed.

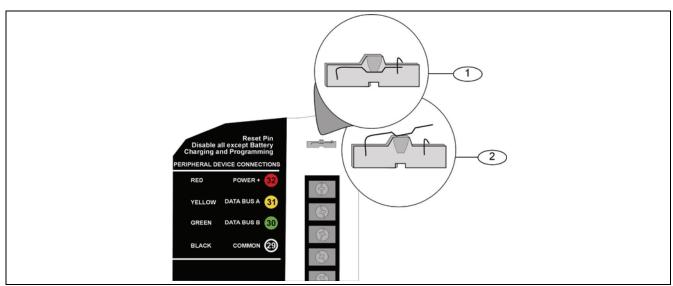
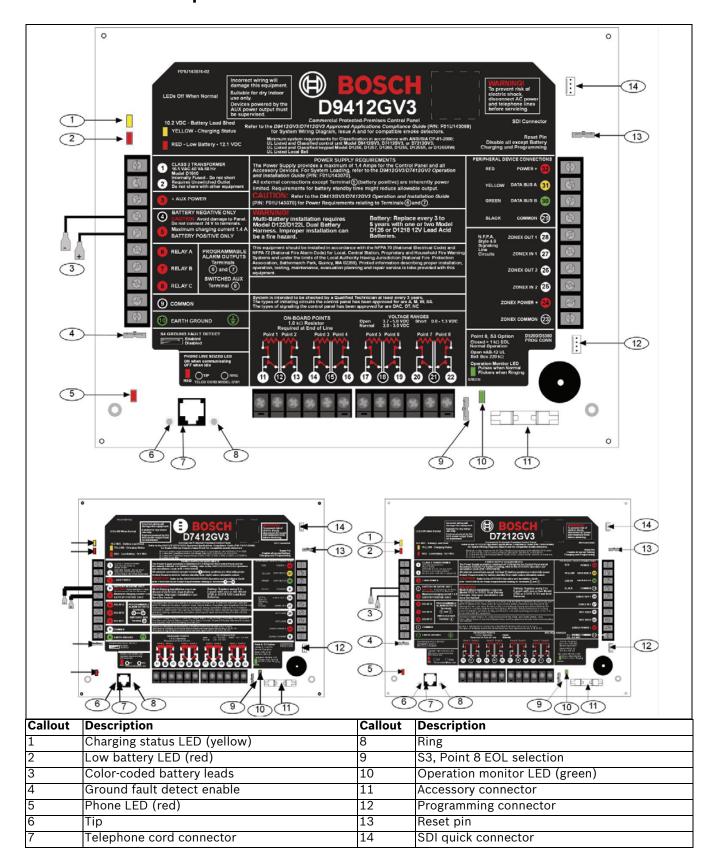


Figure 1.3 Reset Pin

Callout	Description
1	Reset pin locked (closed)
2	Reset pin normal (open)

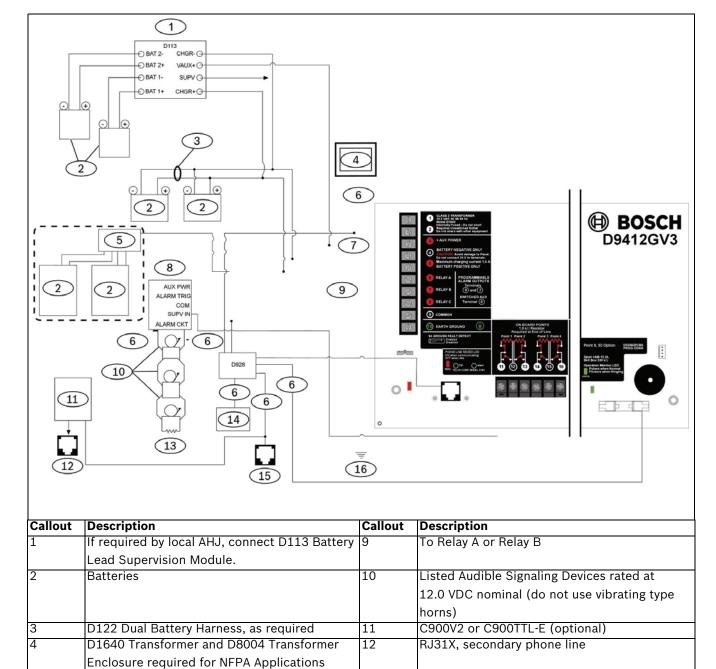
2 Diagrams

2.1 Faceplates



2.2 Power Supply Side Wiring Diagrams

2.2.1 D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Power Supply Side Wiring Diagram (D9412GV3 shown)





6

D192G Bell Supervision Module NOTICE!

Power limited, supervised

Phone LED (red)

Power limited

All external connections except Terminal 5 (battery positive) are power limited.

13

14

15

16

560 W, 2 W EOL Resistor (P/N: 15-03130-005)

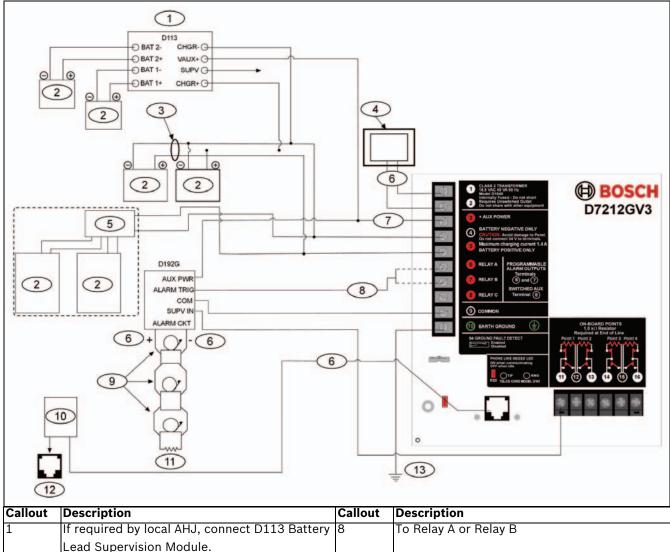
RJ31X, primary phone line

D928

To earth ground

2.2.2

D7212GV3 Power Supply Side Wiring Diagram



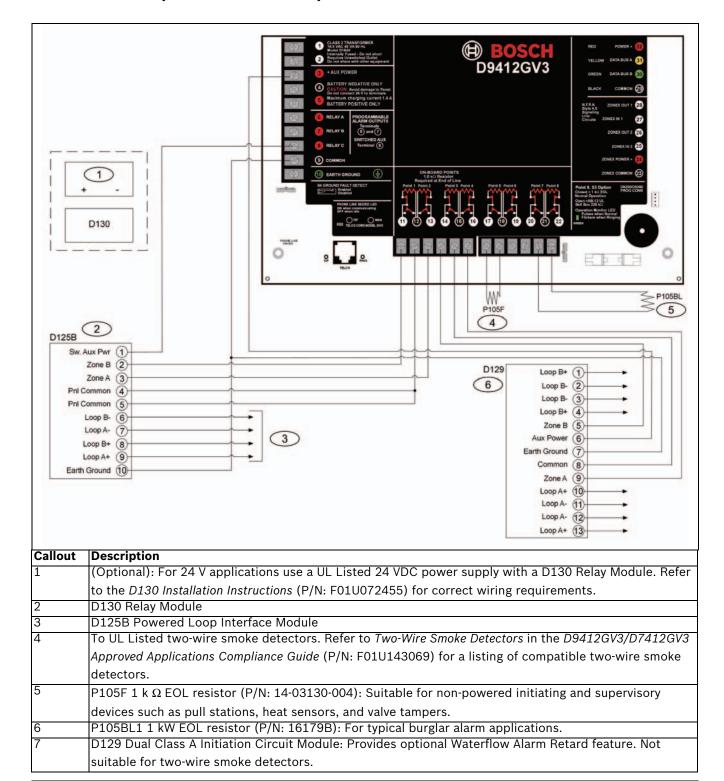
Callout	Description	Callout	Description
1	If required by local AHJ, connect D113 Battery	8	To Relay A or Relay B
	Lead Supervision Module.		
2	Batteries	9	Listed Audible Signaling Devices rated at 12.0
			VDC nominal (Do not use vibrating type horns.)
3	D122 Dual Battery Harness, as required	10	C900V2 or C900TTL-E (optional)
4	D1640 Transformer and D8004 Transformer	11	560 W, 2 W EOL Resistor (P/N: 15-03130-005)
	Enclosure required for NFPA Applications		
5	D8132 Dual Battery Charger with two batteries	12	RJ31X, primary telephone line
	(Batteries are not supervised.)		
6	Power limited, supervised	13	To earth ground
7	Power limited		



NOTICE!

All external connections except Terminal 5 (battery positive) are power limited.

2.3 Input Points and Peripheral Devices Wiring Diagram (D9412GV3 shown)





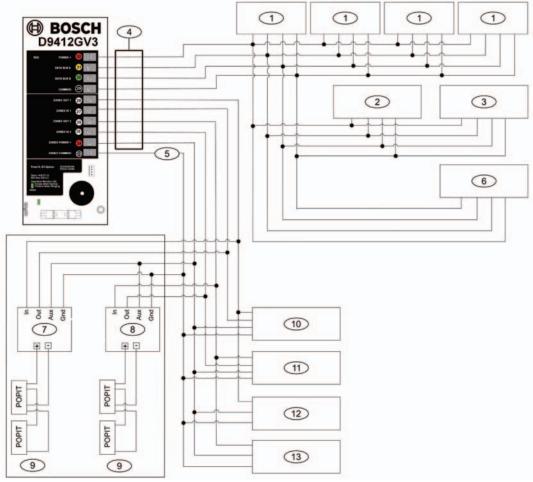
NOTICE!

Use zero retard except for waterflow devices.

All external connections except Terminal 5 (battery positive) are power limited.

2.4 SDI Devices Wiring Diagrams

2.4.1 D9412GV3 SDI Devices Wiring Diagram



Callout	Description	Callout	Description
1	Up to eight supervised keypads or fire annunciators ¹	8	D8125 POPEX No. 2
2	Up to 8 D9210B Access Control Interface Modules	9	Up to 119 D9127U/T POPITs or up to
			63 D8127U/T POPITs
3	Up to 3 supervised 9131A Parallel Printer Interface	10	Zonex 1: 15 D8128Ds ²
	Modules, or other SDI devices		
4	Power limited, supervised	11	Zonex 2: 15 D8128Ds maximum ²
5	Power limited	12	Zonex 1: Up to 8 D8129s maximum ²
6	D9133TTL-E or DX4020 Network Interface Module or	13	Zonex 2: Up to 8 D8129s maximum ²
	other SDI device		
7	D8125 POPEX No.1		

¹ D1255 (all models), D1255RB, D1256, D1256RB, D1260 (all models) Keypads, or D1257RB or D1257 Fire Annunciators

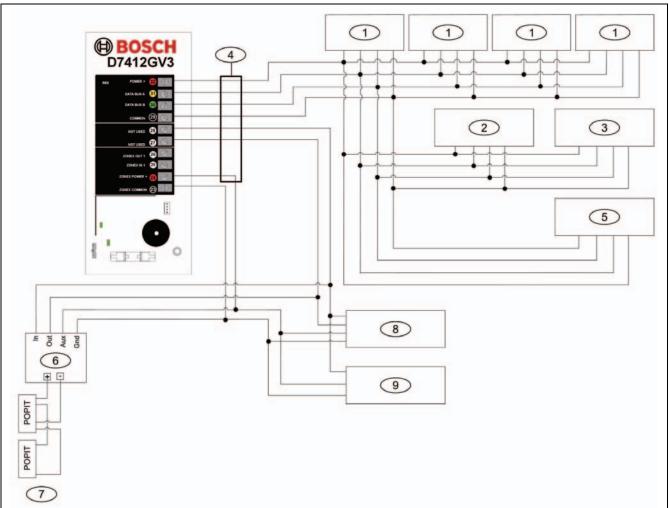
² The number of D8129 OctoRelays that can be connected to each zonex terminal on the control panel is limited by the number of D8128D OctoPOPITs connected to the same terminal. Refer to the D8128D Installation Guide (P/N: F01U070537) or the D8129 Operation and Installation Guide (P/N: F01U036302) for specific information.



NOTICE!

All external connections except Terminal 5 (battery position) are power limited. Fire and Intrusion devices must be on separate circuits. Refer to *ICP-SDI-9114 Installation Instructions* (P/N: F01U030068).

2.4.2 **D7412GV3 SDI Devices Wiring Diagram**



Callout	Description			
1	p to eight supervised keypads or fire annunciators ¹			
2	Up to 8 D9210B Access Control Interface Modules			
3	Up to 1 supervised 9131A Parallel Printer Interface Module, or other SDI device			
4	Power limited, supervised			
5	D9133TTL-E or DX4020 Network Interface Module or other SDI device			
6	D8125 POPEX No.1			
7	Up to 67 D9127U/T POPITs or up to 63 D8127U/T POPITs			
8	Zonex 1: Up to 9 D8128Ds ²			
9	Zonex 1: Up to 8 D8129s maximum ²			

 $^{^{}m 1}$ D1255 (all models), D1255RB, D1256, D1256RB, D1260 (all models) Keypads, or D1257RB or D1257 Fire Annunciators

² The number of D8129 OctoRelays that can be connected to each zonex terminal on the control panel is limited by the number of D8128D OctoPOPITs connected to the same terminal. Refer to the D8128D Installation Guide (P/N: F01U070537) or the D8129 Operation and Installation Guide (P/N: F01U036302) for specific information.

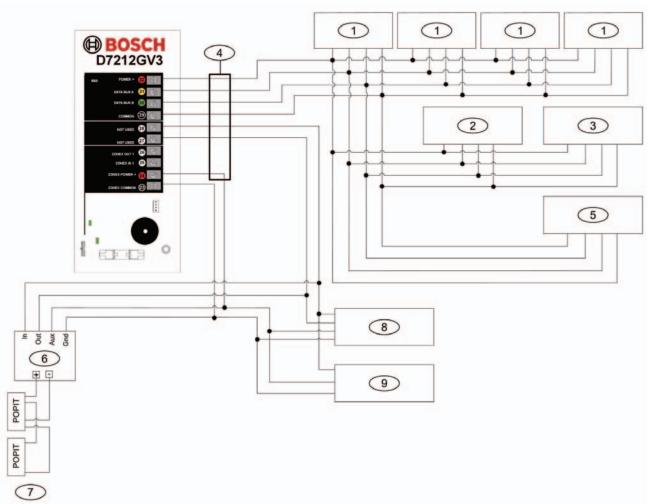


NOTICE!

All external connections except Terminal 5 (battery position) are power limited. Fire and Intrusion devices must be on separate circuits. Refer to ICP-SDI-9114 Installation Instructions (P/N: F01U030068).

2.4.3

D7212GV3 SDI Devices Wiring Diagram



Callout	Description			
1	Up to eight supervised keypads or fire annunciators ¹			
2	Power limited, supervised			
3	D9131A Parallel Printer Interface Module or other SDI device			
4	D9133TTL-E or DX4020 Network Interface Module or other SDI device			
5	D8125 POPEX No.1			
6	Up to 32 D9127U/T POPITs			
7	Zonex 1: up to four D8128Ds ²			
8	Zonex 1: up to three D8129s ²			

 $^{^{}m 1}$ D1255 (all models), D1255RB, D1256, D1256RB, D1260 (all models) Keypads, or D1257RB or D1257 Fire Annunciators

² The number of D8129 OctoRelays that can be connected to each zonex terminal on the control panel is limited by the number of D8128D OctoPOPITs connected to the same terminal. Refer to the D8128D Installation Guide (P/N: F01U070537) or the D8129 Operation and Installation Guide (P/N: F01U036302) for specific information.



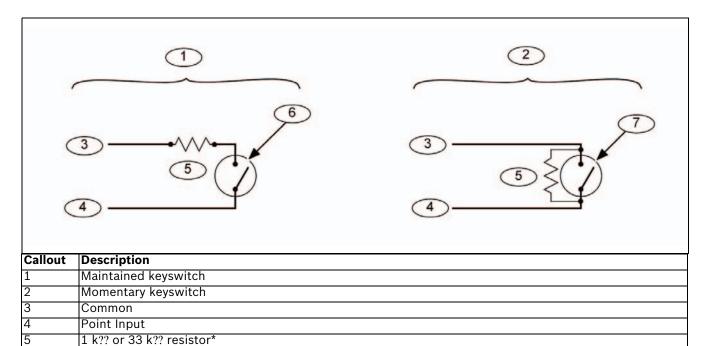
NOTICE!

All external connections except Terminal 5 (battery position) are power limited.

2.5 Keyswitch Wiring

Open on a circuit arms the area

Short on a circuit toggles the arming state



*Use 1 kW EOL resistors if using one of the zones on the control panel or an OctoPOPIT. Use a 33 kW resistor if using a POPIT.

3 Power Supply and Power Outputs

3.1 Power Supply - Primary

3.1.1 Primary (AC) Power Circuit

The primary source is a 16.5 VAC, 40 VA, internally-fused transformer (Bosch Security Systems, Inc. Model D1640). The control panel draws 200 mA when idle and 300 mA when in an alarm state. The total available auxiliary current is 1.4 A. Transient suppressors and spark gaps protect the circuit from power surges. This protection relies on the ground connection at Terminal 10. Ensure that you connect Terminal 10 to a proper ground. Refer to Section 1.5 Connecting Earth Ground, page 5.

AC Power Fail

The system indicates an AC power failure when Terminals 1 and 2 do not have power. The AC Fail Time parameter sets the number of minutes or seconds without AC power before the control panel acknowledges the failure and the number of minutes or seconds after the power returns before the control panel acknowledges restored power.

Refer to the D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U143071) or the D7212GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U143077) for additional information about AC Fail Time and UL 864 requirements.

3.1.2 Installing the Transformer



NOTICE!

Do not short-circuit the terminals of the transformer: Shorting the terminals opens the internal fuse, causing permanent failure. Connect the transformer to Terminals 1 and 2 of the control panel before plugging it into the power source.

- Use 1.22 mm (18 AWG) wire (minimum) to connect the transformer to the control panel.
 The wire length should be as short as possible. The maximum length is 15 m (50 ft).
 Connect the battery and plug in the transformer.
- 2. Route telephone and sensor loop wiring away from any AC conductors, including the transformer wire.

AC wiring can induce noise and low level voltage into adjacent wiring. Route data wiring away from AC and telephone wiring.



NOTICE!

Always connect the battery first and then plug in the transformer.

- 3. Connect the battery. Refer to Section 3.2.2 Installing the Battery, page 17.
- 4. Plug the transformer into an unswitched, 120 VAC 60 Hz power outlet only.
- 5. Secure the transformer to the outlet with the screw provided.

D8004 Transformer Enclosure Required for Fire Systems

Use the D8004 Transformer Enclosure for the D1640 Transformer in fire and combined fire and burglary applications.



NOTICE!

Check with the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) about mounting transformers on specific circuits.

3.2 Power Terminals - Secondary

3.2.1 Secondary (DC) Power

A 12 V, 7 Ah (up to 14 Ah) sealed lead-acid rechargeable battery supplies secondary power for auxiliary and alarm outputs, and powers the system during interruptions in primary (AC) power.



WARNING!

Use Lead Acid Batteries Only: The charging circuit is calibrated for lead-acid batteries. Do not use gel-cell or nicad batteries.

Extra Batteries Increase Back-up Time

To increase battery back-up time, connect a second 12 V battery in parallel to the first battery. Use a D122 Dual Battery Harness to ensure proper and safe connection. Refer to the *Standby Battery and Current Rating Chart* in the *D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide* (P/N: F01U143069) or in the *D7212GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide* (P/N: F01U143080) for battery standby time calculations.

D1218 Battery

The D1218 is a 12 V, 18 Ah battery for use in applications requiring extended battery standby time. Up to two D1218 batteries can be connected when used with a D122 Dual Battery Harness.



WARNING!

When connecting two D1218 Batteries to the control panel, both must have the same capacity (use two 17.2 Ah batteries or two 18 Ah batteries).



NOTICE!

When using two D1218 batteries, use a separate enclosure, a D122L Dual Battery Harness, and long leads.

3.2.2 Installing the Battery

- 1. Place the battery upright in the base of the enclosure.
- 2. Locate the red and black leads supplied in the literature pack.
- 3. Connect the black battery lead to Terminal 4, and then to the negative (-) side of the
- 4. Connect the red battery lead to Terminal 5, and then to the positive (+) side of the battery.



WARNING!

High current arcs are possible. The positive (red) battery lead and Terminal 5 can create high current arcs if shorted to other terminals or the enclosure. Use caution when working with the positive lead and Terminal 5. Always disconnect the positive (red) lead from the battery before removing it from Terminal 5.



WARNING!

The battery terminals and wire are not power limited. A 6.4 mm (0.250 in.) space must be maintained between the battery terminals, battery wiring, and all other wiring. Battery wiring cannot share the same conduit, conduit fittings, or conduit knock-outs with other wiring. Refer to *Figure 3.1*, *Page 18*.

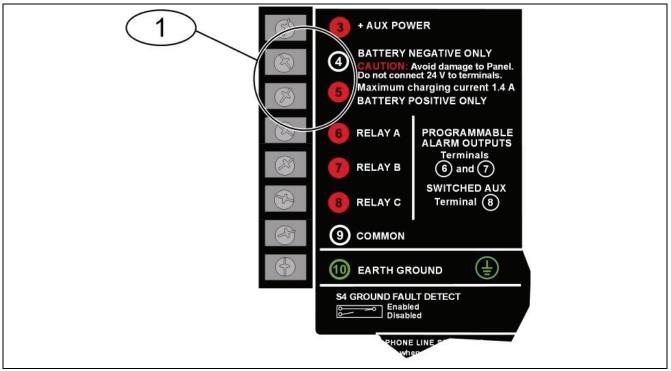


Figure 3.1 Battery Terminals

Callout	Description
1	Battery terminals. Terminal 5 is non-power limiting.

3.3 Power Outputs - Circuit Protection

Three self-resetting circuit breakers protect the control panel from short circuits on the continuous and programmable power outputs. If the control panel is programmed for power supervision and a short circuit occurs on one of the power outputs, the control panel sends a BATTERY LOW or BATTERY MISSING for Bosch Security Systems Modem IIIa² Communication Format, or a Battery Missing/Dead (311) or Low System Battery (302) for Contact ID Format. One self-resetting circuit breaker protects:

- Terminal 3: Auxiliary Power
- Terminal 24: Zonex Power.



NOTICE!

A short circuit on one terminal disrupts power to the other terminal.

Another self-resetting circuit breaker protects:

- Terminal 6: Alarm Power Output
- Terminal 7: Alternate Alarm Power Output
- Terminal 8: Switched Auxiliary Power.



NOTICE!

A short circuit on one of the terminals disrupts power to the other two terminals.

The third self-resetting circuit breaker protects Terminal 32: Power +.

3.4 Power Outputs - Total Available Power

The system produces up to 1.4 A of combined power at 12.0 VDC Nominal for all powered devices. The outputs listed below share the available power. These outputs are shown as red circles on the faceplate.

- Terminal 3 Auxiliary Power. Use this terminal to power devices requiring continuous power.
- Terminal 6 (Relay A) Alarm Power Output. Programmable relay normally open, power on alarm.
- Terminal 7 (Relay B) Alternate Alarm Power Output. Programmable relay normally open, power on alarm.
- Terminal 8 (Relay C) Switched Auxiliary Power. Programmable relay normally closed, switches power off when the Sensor Reset command is executed.
- **Terminal 24 Zonex Power.** Use this terminal to power Zonex modules such as the D8125, D8128D, and D8129 Modules.
- Terminal 32 Power +. Use this terminal to power serial device interface (SDI) devices such as keypads, the D9131A Parallel Printer Interface Module, and the D9210B Wiegand Control Interface Module.

3.5 Power Outputs - Continuous Power Output Terminals 3, 8, 24, and 32

The continuous current draw for powered devices connected to Terminals 3, 8, 24, and 32, and the accessory connector must not exceed 1.4 A. Devices powered from these outputs must operate at 12.0 VDC Nominal.

Power Restricted for Fire and Combined Fire and Burglary Systems

Use the Fire System Power Formula to calculate the current available for fire and combined fire and burglary systems (refer to Section 3.6 Power Outputs - Programmable Power Output Terminals 6, 7, and 8, page 19).

3.6 Power Outputs - Programmable Power Output Terminals 6, 7, and 8

3.6.1 Programming

The power outputs at Terminals 6, 7, and 8 are programmed as Relays A, B, and C. All relays are programmed in the Relays section. Relays are assigned a relay type, (Fire Bell, for example) when they are assigned to an area. Relays can be assigned to one or more areas. The Bosch defaults set Relay A (Terminal 6) as a Steady Alarm Bell output, Relay B (Terminal 7) as a Pulsed Fire Bell output, and Relay C (Terminal 8) as a Verification or Reset output for smoke detectors. The D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U003636) and the D7212GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U143077) contain complete instructions for programming relays. Refer to Section 3.6.2 Terminals 6 and 7, page 20, Section 3.6.3 Fire System Power Formula, page 20, and Section 3.6.4 Terminal 8, page 20 for descriptions of the functions of each terminal. Refer to the Bell Parameters section of the program to set the Fire Bell, Alarm Bell output responses for relays. Four annunciation patterns are available: Steady, Pulsed, California Standard, and Temporal Code 3.

Voltage Output at Terminals 6, 7, and 8

If Terminals 6, 7, and 8 do not provide the expected output, check:

- Programming for Relays A, B, and C in the relays section of the program.
- Bell Parameters section of the program to confirm that the Alarm and Fire Bell responses are programmed for the expected duration and pattern.

 Point Assignments section to confirm that each point is programmed for the expected local response.

3.6.2 Terminals 6 and 7

When activated, Terminals 6 (Relay A) and 7 (Relay B), provide positive (+) 12.0 VDC Nominal power output. Use the power at Terminals 6 and 7 to power bells, siren drivers, piezoelectric fire sounders, electronic horns, or other devices.

Programming determines the format of the output and the conditions that activate it. One self-resetting circuit breaker protects Terminals 6, 7, and 8 against shorts. When using Relay A or Relay B to activate notification appliance circuits in UL Listed fire alarm applications, install a D192C Initiating Circuit Module or D192G Indicating Circuit Module.

Available Power

The system combines the 1.4 A of primary power produced by the power supply with the secondary power source (the battery) to produce a total of 2.0 A of alarm power at 12.0 VDC Nominal. Terminals 6 and 7 share the available alarm power.

Power Restricted for Fire and Combined Fire and Burglary Systems

Fire systems are prohibited from using the battery for determining alarm power. Use the fire system power formula described in *Section 3.6.3 Fire System Power Formula*, page 20 to calculate the current available for fire and combined fire and burglary systems.

3.6.3 Fire System Power Formula

To calculate the current available at Terminals 6 and 7 for fire and combined fire and burglary systems:

- 1. Add together the current draws for all devices connected to Terminals 3, 8, 24, and 32, and the accessory connector. This is the total current required for the normal standby condition (NSC).
- 2. The current available for NSC is 1.4 A. Subtract the NSC current required calculated in Step 1 from the NSC current available, 1.4 A. The difference is the alarm current available for Terminals 6 and 7.

In formula format:

1.4 A - NSC current required (Step 1) = Alarm current available
Refer to the D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide (P/N: F01U143069) or the D7212GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide (P/N: F01U143080) for module or accessory current requirements.

3.6.4 Terminal 8

Terminal 8 provides continuous positive (+) 12.0 VDC Nominal power. Relay C interrupts the power at Terminal 8 when activated. Use Terminal 8 to power smoke detectors or other devices that are reset by interrupting power. One self-resetting circuit breaker protects Terminals 6, 7, and 8 against shorts.

Verification/Reset Relay

The default program sets Relay C (Terminal 8) as a verification and reset relay. Refer to *Relay Parameters and Point Assignments* in the *D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Program Entry Guide* (P/N: F01U143071) or in the *D7212GV3 Program Entry Guide* (P/N: F01U143077) for instructions on programming verification/reset relays and points.

Performing a sensor reset at a keypad produces a five-second relay activation of verification/reset relays. The control panel ignores verification and reset points during the five sec.

4 Specifications

Voltage Input	Primary:	Terminals 1	16.5 VAC 40 VA class 2 plug-in transformer (D1640)	
(Power Supply)		and 2		
	Secondary:	Terminals 4	Sealed lead-acid rechargeable battery (12.0 VDC, 7 Ah or	
		and 5	12.0 VDC, 17.2 or 18 Ah). The control panel supports up to two	
			12.0 VDC, 7 Ah batteries using the D122 Dual Battery Harness or	
			two D1218 (12.0 VDC, 17.2 or 18 Ah) batteries using a D122.	
Current			larm 300 mA Refer to the Current Rating Chart for Standby Battery	
Requiremrent			412GV3/D7412GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide (P/N:	
			GV3 Approved Applications Compliance Guide (P/N: F01U143080)	
			ents of other system components.	
Power	All external con	nections are p	ower-limited except battery terminals.	
Outputs*	Continuous	Terminals 3,	1.4 A maximum at 12.0 VDC nominal (continuous supply) total for	
	Power	24, and 32	all devices and outputs supplied at Terminals 3, 24, and 32 and at	
	Outputs		the accessory and programming connectors.	
	Alarm Power	Terminals 6	2.0 A maximum at 12.0 VDC nominal output. Output can be steady	
	Output	and 7	or one of three pulsed patterns depending on programming. Refer	
			to Relays in the D9412GV3/D7412GV3 Program Entry Guide (P/N:	
			F01U143071) or in the <i>D712GV3 Program Entry Guide</i> (P/N:	
			F01U143077).	
	Switched Aux	Terminal 8	1.4 A maximum at 12.0 VDC nominal output. Continuous output is	
	Power		interrupted by Sensor Reset or alarm verification depending on	
			programming. Refer to <i>Relays</i> in the <i>D9412GV3/D7412GV3</i>	
			Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U143071) or in the D712GV3	
			Program Entry Guide (P/N: F01U143077).	
	Fire and Fire/		th UL 985 and 864 listing standards for fire alarm systems	
	Burglary		rch 1, 1989), the total combined continuous and alarm current	
	Systems		system during alarm conditions must be limited to 1.4 A provided	
			ry power supply (rectified AC). If current draw for the system	
			A, remove connected devices until the current draw falls below 1.4	
			nect the removed devices to a D8132 Battery Charger Module or to ower supply (refer to Section 2.5 Keyswitch Wiring, page 15).	
Minimum	10.2 VDC	an oxtornal p	5.1.5. 52pp.j (1010) to 5000001 210 Nojomton 1111116, page 10).	
Operating	10.2 100			
Voltage				
SDI Bus	SDI Bus A (+):	9 VDC 4572 r	m (15000 ft) maximum	
SDI Bus	SDI Bus B (-):	9 VDC 4572 m (15000 ft) maximum 9 VDC 4572 m (15000 ft) maximum		
Talanhana				
Telephone Connections	Connection:	RJ31X or RJ38X jack can connect the control panels.		
Connections	T to!			
	Two telco		ecurity Systems, Inc. D928 Dual Phone Line Module required for two	
	lines:	phone line se	ervice. Supervision supplied by the control panel.	

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Battery	Discharge	13.9 VDC	Charging float level.	
Discharge/	Cycle	13.8 VDC	.8 VDC Charging status LED on.	
Recharge		12.1 VDC	Low Battery and AC Fail Reports if programmed. Low Battery LED	
Schedule			on.	
		10.2 VDC	Minimum operational voltage.	
		10.0 VDC	Battery load shed (processing functions continue if AC is present).	
	Recharge	AC ON	Load shed relay resets, battery charging begins, Battery Trouble	
	Cycle		and AC Restoral Reports sent.	
		13.7 VDC	Battery Restoral Report sent, Low Battery LED off.	
		13.9 VDC	Charging status LED off, battery float charged.	
Environmental	Temperature:	0°C to +50°C (+32°F to +122°F)		
	Relative	Maximum 93% non-condensing		
	Humidity:			
Arming	D720/D720B Ke	eypads, D1255/D1255B/D1255RB Keypads, D1256/D1256RB Fire Command		
Stations	Centers; D1257	enters; D1257/D1257RB Fire Alarm Annunciators; D1260/D1260B Keypads; Keyswitch		
Point	On-board	OpenNormal	enNormal Greater than 3.7 VDC, but less than 5.0 VDC. Greater than 2.0	
Thresholds	Points 1 to 8	Short	VDC, but less than 3.0 VDC. Greater than 0.0 VDC, but less than	
			1.3 VDC.	
Compatible	D8103 Universal Enclosure, D8109 Fire Enclosure, D8108A Attack Resistant Enclosure, BATB-40			
Enclosures	Battery Box			
	I .			

4.1 Terminal Wiring Requirements

Terminal	Requirements
Description	
AC	18 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
AC	18 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
+ AUX POWER	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on current
BATTERY -	Bosch supplied wire lead, included with panel
BATTERY +	Bosch supplied wire lead, included with panel
RELAY A	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on current
RELAY B	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on current
RELAY C	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on current
COMMON	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on current
EARTH	14 to 16 AWG
GROUND	
POINT 1	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
	resistance less than 100 Ω
POINT 1/2	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
COMMON	resistance less than 100 Ω
POINT 2	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
	resistance less than 100 Ω
POINT 3	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
	resistance less than 100 Ω
	AC AC + AUX POWER BATTERY - BATTERY + RELAY A RELAY B RELAY C COMMON EARTH GROUND POINT 1 POINT 1/2 COMMON POINT 2

Terminal	Terminal	Requirements
No	Description	
15	POINT 3/4	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
	COMMON	resistance less than 100 Ω
16	POINT 4	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
		resistance less than 100 Ω
17	POINT 5	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
		resistance less than 100 Ω
18	POINT 5/6 COMMON	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
		resistance less than 100 Ω
19	POINT 6	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
		resistance less than 100 Ω
20	POINT 7	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
		resistance less than 100 Ω
	POINT 7/8	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
	COMMON	resistance less than 100 Ω
22	POINT 8	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on loop
		resistance less than 100 Ω
23	ZONEX	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
	COMMON	
24	ZONEX POWER	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
25	ZONEX IN 2*	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
26	ZONEX OUT 2*	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
27	ZONEX IN 1	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
28	ZONEX OUT 1	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
29	SDI COMMON	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on peripheral
		device current
30	SDI DATA	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
	BUS B	
31	SDI DATA	22 AWG min (up to 14 AWG max)
	BUS A	
32	SDI POWER	Terminal accommodates 14 to 22 AWG, use appropriate wire size based on peripheral device current
*D9412GV3	only. Terminals 25	and 26 are NOT USED on D7412GV3 and D7212GV3 Control Panels.

4.2 Circuit Classes

Onboard Points

Onboard points, points 1 to 8, are Class B, Style B Initiating-Device Circuits.

Zonex Bus or Buses

Zonex buses are Class B, Style 4 Signaling Line Circuits.

Notification Appliance Circuit (NAC)

The control panels do not have an onboard NAC.

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